### § 32.55

promethium-147 for distribution to persons generally licensed under §31.7 of this chapter shall, except as provided in paragraph (b) of this section, affix to each device a label containing the radiation symbol prescribed by §20.1901 of this chapter, such other information as may be required by the Commission including disposal instructions when appropriate, and the following or a substantially similar statement which contains the information called for in the following statement:

### CAUTION—RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL

(Name of manufacturer, assembler, or initial transferor.) $^{*}$ 

\*The model, serial number, and name of manufacturer, assembler, or initial transferor may be omitted from this label provided they are elsewhere specified in labeling affixed to the device.

- (b) If the Commission determines that it is not feasible to affix a label to the device containing all the information called for in paragraph (a) of this section, it may waive the requirements of that paragraph and require in lieu thereof that:
- (1) A label be affixed to the device identifying:
- (i) The manufacturer, assembler, or initial transferor; and
- (ii) The type of radioactive material; and
- (2) A leaflet bearing the following information be enclosed in or accompany the container in which the device is shipped:
- (i) The name of the manufacturer, assembler, or initial transferor,
- (ii) The type and quantity of radioactive material,
  - (iii) The model number,
- (iv) A statement that the receipt, possession, use, and transfer of the de-

vice are subject to a general license or the equivalent and the regulations of the U.S. NRC or of an Agreement State, and

(v) Such other information as may be required by the Commission, including disposal instructions when appropriate.

[33 FR 16331, Nov. 7, 1968, as amended at 40 FR 8785, Mar. 3, 1975; 43 FR 6923, Feb. 17, 1978; 63 FR 39483, July 23, 1998]

# § 32.55 Same: Quality assurance; prohibition of transfer.

- (a) Each person licensed under §32.53 shall visually inspect each device and shall reject any which has an observable physical defect that could affect containment of the tritium or promethium-147.
- (b) Each person licensed under §32.53 shall take a random sample of the size required by the table in §32.110 for Lot Tolerance Percent Defective of 5.0 percent from each inspection lot, and shall subject each unit in the sample to the following tests:
- (1) Each device shall be immersed in 30 inches of water for 24 hours and shall show no visible evidence of water entry. Absolute pressure of the air above the water shall then be reduced to 1 inch of mercury. Lowered pressure shall be maintained for 1 minute or until air bubbles cease to be given off by the water, whichever is the longer. Pressure shall then be increased to normal atmospheric pressure. Any device which leaks as evidenced by bubbles emanating from within the device, or water entering the device, shall be considered as a defective unit.
- (2) The immersion test water from the preceding test in paragraph (b)(1) of this section shall be measured for tritium or promethium-147 content by an apparatus that has been calibrated to measure tritium or promethium-147, as appropriate. If more than 0.1 percent of the original amount of tritium or promethium-147 in any device is found to have leaked into the immersion test water, the leaking device shall be considered as a defective unit.
- (3) The levels of radiation from each device containing promethium-147 shall be measured. Any device which has a radiation level in excess of 0.5 millirad per hour at 10 centimeters from any surface when measured

 $<sup>^1</sup>$ Devices licensed under  $\S 32.53$  prior to January 19, 1975 may bear labels authorized by the regulations in effect on January 1, 1975.

through 50 milligrams per square centimeter of absorber, shall be considered as a defective unit.

- (c) An application for a license or for amendment of a license may include a description of procedures proposed as alternatives to those prescribed by paragraph (b) of this section, and proposed criteria for acceptance under those procedures. The Commission will approve the proposed alternative procedures if the applicant demonstrates that:
- (1) They will consider defective any sampled device which has a leakage rate exceeding 0.1 percent of the original quantity of tritium or promethium 147 in any 24-hour period; and
- (2) The operating characteristic curve or confidence interval estimate for the alternative procedures provides a Lot Tolerance Percent Defective of 5.0 percent at the consumer's risk of 0.10.
- (d) No person licensed under §32.53 shall transfer to persons generally licensed under §31.7 of this chapter:
- (1) Any luminous safety device which has been tested and found defective under the criteria and procedures specified in this section, unless the defective units have been repaired or reworked and have then met the tests set out in paragraph (b) of this section; or
- (2) Any inspection lot which has been rejected as a result of the procedures in §32.110 or alternative procedures in paragraph (c) of this section, unless the defective units have been sorted and removed or have been repaired or reworked and have then met the tests set out in paragraph (b) of this section.

[30 FR 8192, June 26, 1965, as amended at 39 FR 22129, June 20, 1974; 39 FR 26397, July 19, 1974]

## § 32.56 Same: Material transfer reports.

Each person licensed under §32.53 shall file an annual report with the Director of Nuclear Material Safety and Safeguards, by an appropriate method listed in §30.6(a) of this chapter, which report must state the total quantity of tritium or promethium-147 transferred to persons generally licensed under §31.7 of this chapter. The report must identify each general licensee by name, state the kinds and numbers of lumi-

nous devices transferred, and specify the quantity of tritium or promethium-147 in each kind of device. Each report must cover the year ending June 30 and must be filed within thirty (30) days thereafter.

[60 FR 3737, Jan. 19, 1995, as amended at 68 FR 58805, Oct. 10, 2003]

#### § 32.57 Calibration or reference sources containing americium-241: Requirements for license to manufacture or initially transfer.

An application for a specific license to manufacture or initially transfer calibration or reference sources containing americium-241, for distribution to persons generally licensed under §31.8 of this chapter, will be approved if:

- (a) The applicant satisfies the general requirements of §30.33 of this chapter:
- (b) The applicant submits sufficient information regarding each type of calibration or reference source pertinent to evaluation of the potential radiation exposure, including:
- (1) Chemical and physical form and maximum quantity of americium 241 in the source:
- (2) Details of construction and design;
- (3) Details of the method of incorporation and binding of the americium-241 in the source;
- (4) Procedures for and results of prototype testing of sources, which are designed to contain more than 0.005 microcurie of americium-241, to demonstrate that the americium-241 contained in each source will not be released or be removed from the source under normal conditions of use;
- (5) Details of quality control procedures to be followed in manufacture of the source:
- (6) Description of labeling to be affixed to the source or the storage container for the source;
- (7) Any additional information, including experimental studies and tests, required by the Commission to facilitate a determination of the safety of the source.
- (c) Each source will contain no more than 5 microcuries of americium-241.